

**\*\*\* EXAMINATION \*\*\***

**DESIGN PARAMETERS FOR STACK-MOUNTED LIGHT  
EXTINCTION MEASUREMENT DEVICES**

1. **The gradual loss in intensity of any kind of flux through a**
  - a) medium is called extinction
  - b) medium is called propagation
  - c) medium is called attenuation
  - d) medium is called ventilation
  
2. **The intentional movement of air from outside a building to**
  - a) the inside is infiltration
  - b) the inside is ventilation
  - c) the inside is vaporization
  - d) the inside is condensation
  
3. **The lining of mostly endodermal origin, covered in epithelium**
  - a) that involved in absorption and secretion is mucosa
  - b) that involved in absorption and secretion is mesothelium
  - c) that involved in absorption and secretion is serosa
  - d) that involved in absorption and secretion is lumen
  
4. **The absorption of light to the properties of the material**
  - a) in which the light travels relate to Raman scattering
  - b) in which the light travels relate to Rayleigh scattering
  - c) in which the light travels relate to Brillouin scattering
  - d) in which the light travels relate to Lambert-Beer law
  
5. **The imaginary part of the complex index of refraction, which**
  - a) also relates to light absorption, is extinction coefficient
  - b) also relates to light absorption, is absorption coefficient
  - c) also relates to light absorption, is attenuation length
  - d) also relates to light absorption, is partition coefficient
  
6. **The light with a single wavelength or the light of narrow**
  - a) wavelength range is called polychromatic light
  - b) wavelength range is called monochromatic light
  - c) wavelength range is called slow light
  - d) wavelength range is called actinic light

7. **The curved mirror with some type of light source or an image**
  - a) at its focus is a biconcave lens
  - b) at its focus is a gradient index lens
  - c) at its focus is a collimator lens
  - d) at its focus is a tessar lens
8. **The hole or an opening through which light travels**
  - a) is called a cloudscape
  - b) is called a rangefinder
  - c) is called a dye coupler
  - d) is called anaperture
9. **The extremely sensitive detectors of light in the ultraviolet**
  - a) visible and near infrared ranges are photomultiplier tubes
  - b) visible and near infrared ranges are photoelectric sensor
  - c) visible and near infrared ranges are passive infrared sensor
  - d) visible and near infrared ranges are torque sensor
10. **The relative intensity of electromagnetic radiation of each**
  - a) frequency emitted by atoms is a lyc photon
  - b) frequency emitted by atoms is an emission spectrum
  - c) frequency emitted by atoms is a spectral line
  - d) frequency emitted by atoms is a hydrogen line
11. **A light that exhibits more than one color is called**
  - a) polychromatic light
  - b) monochromatic light
  - c) slow light
  - d) actinic light
12. **An electronic light source is called**
  - a) a laser diode
  - b) a superluminescent diode
  - c) a light-emitting diode
  - d) a single-photon avalanche diode
13. **The lasers with a medium similar to semiconductor found in**
  - a) a light-emitting diode is a laser diode
  - b) a light-emitting diode is a superluminescent diode
  - c) a light-emitting diode is a laser beam
  - d) a light-emitting diode is a white light
14. **The optical device that splits a beam of light in two is**
  - a) a spatial filter
  - b) an image intensifier
  - c) a polarizer
  - d) a beam splitter

15. **The optical device with perfect axial symmetry which transmits**
- a) and refracts light converging the beam is optical lens
  - b) and refracts light converging the beam is optical amplifier
  - c) and refracts light converging the beam is optical attenuator
  - d) and refracts light converging the beam is optical filter
16. **The light of all wavelengths or color can be reduced equally**
- a) by an ideal photographic filter
  - b) by an ideal neutral density filter
  - c) by an ideal infrared filter
  - d) by an ideal H-alpha filter
17. **The advantages that make the photodiodes the best light**
- a) detectors includes the excellent dynamic range
  - b) detectors includes the excellent linearity
  - c) detectors includes the high level of stability
  - d) All of the above
18. **The phototransistors and photodarlingtontons can provide**
- a) current gains of 1 to 10
  - b) current gains of 10 to 100
  - c) current gains of 100 to 100000
  - d) current gains of 100000 to 1000000
19. **The phototransistors and photodarlingtontons fall shorts of**
- a) photodiodes in linearity
  - b) photodiodes in stability
  - c) photodiodes in spectral response
  - d) All of the above
20. **The noise in optical measurements can be reduced by**
- a) stabilizing a light source
  - b) stabilizing a measured signals
  - c) stabilizing an electric potentials
  - d) stabilizing a large frequency range

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